



WE'RE BRINGING THE GOOD FIGHT TO A BAD CANCER



Discover more about the Oesophageal Cancer Fund

Registered Charity Number: 20047726 CHY Number: 14542

THEORY OF CHANGE OESOPHAGEAL CANCER FUND



THE CHALLENGE

- Oesophageal Cancer is one of the lesser-known cancers
- 500 people are diagnosed per year in Ireland with Oesophageal Cancer, often when the disease is already at an advanced stage
- Treatment for Oesophageal Cancer is invasive and recovery is often challenging
- Oesophageal Cancer is the sixth leading cause of death from cancer

MAKING AN IMPACT

- The Oesophageal Cancer Fund was set up following the untimely death of Lucilla Hyland from Oesophageal Cancer in 2001
- Considerable progress has been made for patients with Oesophageal Cancer since that time
- More progress is both possible and badly needed
- The Oesophageal Cancer Fund needs funding and the commitment of key players to support its ongoing fight against Oesophageal Cancer

CHANGE OVER TIME

 The Oesophageal Cancer Fund strives to make the journey for those affected by Oesophageal Cancer as smooth as possible:

EARLY 2000s

PRE-DIAGNOSIS

- Low public awareness of cancer generally and OC specifically
- Risk factors for OC (including Barrett's Oesophagus) not well understood
- OC symptoms ignored and/or masked by over-the-counter medication
- Limited Irish research on OC prevention

DIAGNOSIS

- People with symptoms do not necessarily see their GP
- Many GPs do not recognise early symptoms of OC
- Delayed diagnosis
- Limited Irish research on early diagnosis of OC

TREATMENT

- · Delayed treatment
- Low survival rate 11%
- · Limited Irish research on effective treatment

POST-TREATMENT

- Insufficient emphasis on post-treatment care
- Struggle to manage the condition after treatment, both physically and mentally
- Potentially poor quality of life after treatment
- Limited Irish research on effective post-treatment care
- Very limited patient, survivor and caregiver support

PRESENT

PRE-DIAGNOSIS

- OCF work with media and increases public awareness
- Pharmaceutical industry continues to market over-the-country medications that mask symptoms and no intervention to raise the possibility of OC
- National Barrett's Oesophagus Registry and Biobank has 9,000 patients on the registry

DIAGNOSIS

- 2019 National Clinical Guidelines a welcome development
- 70% of people with symptoms wait three months before seeing GP
- Continued under-diagnosis, especially for those who struggle to advocate for themselves
- National Barrett's Oesophagus Registry and Biobank in use

TREATMENT

- 2019 National Clinical Guidelines a welcome development
- OC treatment increasingly effective
- · Delays in treatment due to late dignosis
- Differences in access for patients in different parts of Ireland
- Improving survival rate 24%
- · Research into effective treatments
- Limited liaison between hospitals treating OC patients

POST-TREATMENT

- 2019 National Clinical Guidelines a welcome development
- Difficulty accessing HSE dietitians/clinical nutritionists, psychologists, physiotherapists and speech & language therapists
- Difficulty accessing complementary supports for managing condition (non-HSE)
- · Lack of peer support groups
- Potentially poor quality of life after treatment
- Limited Irish research on effective posttreatment care

FUTURE

PRE-DIAGNOSIS

- The media continues to cover OC
- Other charities help to amplify OCF messaging
- The risk factors for symptoms of OC are as well-known as those for more common cancers
- Pharmaceutical industry makes users of over-the-counter medication aware of OC voluntarily or through regulation
- Pharmacists throughout country understand OC and make users of over-the-counter medication aware of OC
- National Barrett's Oesophagus Registry and Biobank contains all patients with Barrett's Oesophagus

DIAGNOSIS

- People with symptoms do not delay seeing GP
- GPs across country are trained to recognise early symptoms of OC and make speedy referrals to specialists
- Healthcare providers in relevant hospitals automatically signpost OC patients to OCF
- People diagnosed with OC, and those who care for them, have access to practical information and emotional support to navigate the journey
- Significantly more research enabling early diagnosis

TREATMENT

- Equitable access for those requiring treatment
- Considerably improved survival rate 50%
- People diagnosed with OC, and those who care for them, have access to practical information and emotional support to navigate the journey
- Significantly more treatment research translated into practice
- Ongoing liaison between hospitals treating OC patients

POST-TREATMENT

- National Clinical Guidelines updated
- Equitable access for OC patients to HSE dietitians/clinical nutritionists, psychologists, physiotherapists and speech & language therapists
- Equitable access for people affected by OC to complementary supports for managing condition
- Equitable access for people affected by OC to peer support groups
- Enhanced wellbeing for anyone affected by OC

